

## Ways of darknet regulation

Научный руководитель – Дышекова Оксана Викторовна

*Загребельная Нина Павловна*

*Студент (специалист)*

Российская таможенная академия, Ростовский филиал, Ростов-на-Дону, Россия

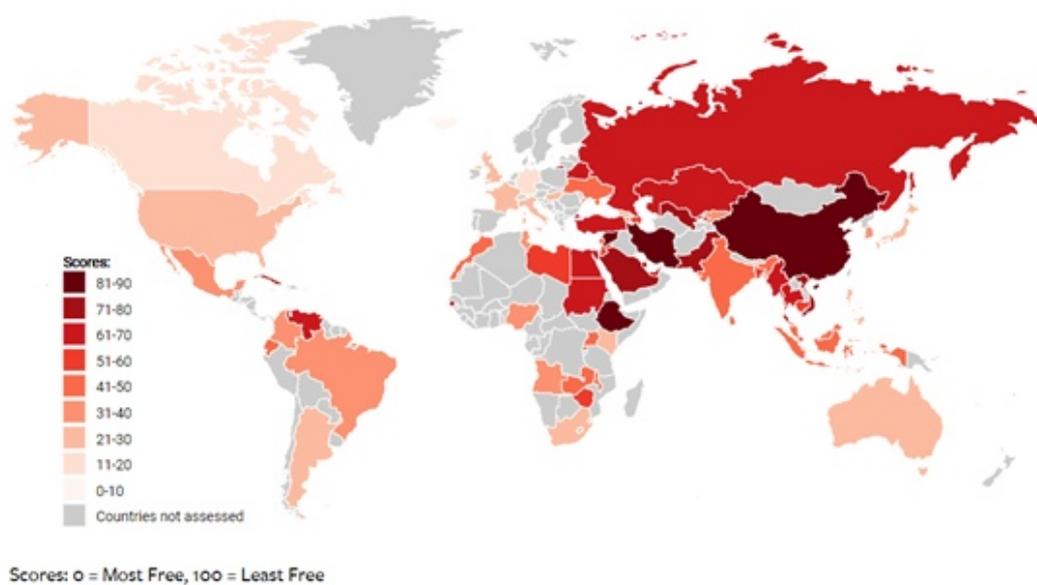
*E-mail: ntnaz@mail.ru*

A Darknet (or dark net) is part of the Deep Web that can be accessed only with specific software, configurations, or authorization, often using non-standard communication protocols and ports. Unlike the Clearnet Darknet is not indexed by the search engines (you can't get the access by Google, Yahoo, etc). In other words this net is illegal all over the world. Unfortunately the Darknet is spread in Russian Federation. Despite all prohibitions people always find some ways to get an access to the Darknet. The most spread ways are Tor-Browser and I2P. Its can guarantee the total anonymity to the users. Roskomnadzor is one of the first authorities who tried to fight with the Tor-browser but in vain. Nowadays the only country who could block the Tor is Ethiopia. The outline below shows us countries, where people use anonymizers. I want to note, that anonymizers is used in most of countries, where crime at a low level. We can conclude that anonymization isn't depends on crime level of the country. The Darknet is a Paradise not only for forbidden and restricted things. There are no constraints. For example, you can buy there uranium, counterfeit money, passport of any country, stolen credit cards and others. It is worth noting that using Darknet is strictly prohibited and all features are demonstrated for informative purposes. The main problem of the Darknet is that most of services are committed by the officials of the public authorities or of the large companies. For example, an access to remote correspondence VKontakte have only the principal stuff. These kind of services are not an exception. Our state should increase the control of the officials, carry out inspections, develop a block for a Tor-browser, increase a supervision of Roskomnadzor for a Deep Web and reduce for a Clearnet. Fortunately in Russia the Darknet is not so developed like in other countries and our state must constantly control it, because a severe crime is born not only on the streets, but in the Internet too.

## Источники и литература

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## Иллюстрации



**Рис. 1.** Countries, where people use anonymizers